

An agency of the Government of Ontario



Un organisme du gouvernement de l'Ontario

This document was retrieved from the Ontario Heritage Act e-Register, which is accessible through the website of the Ontario Heritage Trust at **www.heritagetrust.on.ca.** 

Ce document est tiré du registre électronique. tenu aux fins de la *Loi sur le patrimoine de l'Ontario,* accessible à partir du site Web de la Fiducie du patrimoine ontarien sur **www.heritagetrust.on.ca.** 



Town of Haldimand

P.O. BOX 400 CAYUGA, ONTARIO. NOA 1E0

Haldimand/Norfolk. file.

PHONE 772 - 3324

May 18th, 1983.

Ontario Heritage Foundation, 7th Floor, 77 Bloor Street West, Toronto, Ontario. M7A 2R9 RECEIVED MAY 2.4 1983 ONTARIO HERITAGE FOUNDATION

Dear Sirs:

Enclosed please find the Notice of Intention to Designate the property known as St. John's Parish Hall, Plan 216, Lot 2 East Front Street, Town of Haldimand, in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk, formerly known as the Township of Seneca. This designation was requested by the Local Architectural Conservation Advisory Committee.

Yours truly,

Thirley K. Frankudge

Shirley R. Troubridge Clerk

SRT/js Encl. IN THE MATTER OF THE ONTARIO HERITAGE ACT, 1974, S.O. CHAPTER 122

AND IN THE MATTER OF THE LANDS AND PREMISES AT THE FOLLOWING MUNICIPAL ADDRESS IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

## NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DESIGNATE

To: Ontario Heritage Foundation 77 Bloor Street West, Toronto, Ontario. M7A 2R9

TAKE NOTICE that the Council of the Corporation of the Town of Haldimand intends to designate the property, including lands and buildings, at the following municipal address as a property of architectural and historical value or interest under Part IV of the Ontario Heritage Act, 1974, S.O. Chapter 122.

(a) Former St. John's Anglican Church Parish Hall Plan 216, Lot 2 East Front Street in the Town of Haldimand in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk, in the Province of Ontario, formerly the Township of Seneca.

Reasons for Proposed Designation

- (1) The Parish Hall was built about 1845-46, and was the first Anglican Church in the area.
- (2) The wall framing has corner and intermediate posts 12" x 12" and 12" x 8" respectively.
- (3) There are diagonal braces on both the end and side walls.
- (4) One of the main features of the building is the roof framing. The king post roof truss used here was the 19th century modern form of truss.
- (5) The king post truss relies upon the principle rafters of the roof acting as a simple arch to support the king post. The head of the post is trapped by the principal rafter. Struts or braces prop the principles and carry the load from the purlins to the foot of the post. Therefore the king post is loaded at the foot and supported at the head.
- (6) The usual joint between the post and bottom chord was a strap iron clamp fitted around the chord with the end bolted to the bottom of the king post. This strap was omitted here and replaced by a two-pin mortise and tenson joint.
- (7) In addition to the roof load, the king post also carried part of the ceiling load, since the ceiling joists were originally formed into the beam.

Notice of objection to the proposed designation, together with a statement of the reasons for the objection and all relevant facts may be served on the Clerk of the Town of Haldimand before the twenty-fourth day of June, 1983.

. ....

Dated at Cayuga, Ontario

-ià

this Eighteenth day of May, 1983.

Shirley Troubridge Clerk