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City Clerk's Office

Ulli S. Watkiss City Clerk

Tel: 416-392-7033 Fax: 416-397-0111 e-mail: teycc@toronto.ca Web: www.toronto.ca

Secretariai Rosalmo Dyers Toronto and East Yest Community Council City Hall, 2st Floor, Wast 100 Queen Street West Toronto, Ontario M5H 2N2

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RECEIVED

ONTARIO HERITAGE TRUST IN THE MATTER OF THE ONTARIO HERITAGE ACT R.S.O. 1990 CHAPTER 0.18 AND 160 QUEEN STREET WEST (CAMPBELL HOUSE) CITY OF TORONTO, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

NOTICE OF PASSING OF BY-LAW

GWL Realty Advisors Inc. 330 University Avenue Toronto, Ontario M5G 1R8

Goodman LLP 2500 Yonge Street, Suite 2400 Toronto, ON M5B 2M6 Attention: David Bronskill

Liz Driver, Curator Campbell House Museum 160 Queen Street West Toronto, ON M5H 3H3

Ontario Heritage Trust 10 Adelaide Street East Toronto, Ontario M5C 1J3

Hacker Gignac Rice 518 Yonge Street Midland, ON L4R 2C5 Attention: Paul Peterson

Take notice that the Council of the City of Toronto has passed By-law No. 588-2010 to designate 160 Queen Street West (Campbell House) (Trinity-Spadina, Ward 20) as being of cultural heritage value or interest.

Dated at Toronto this 7th day of July, 2010.

Ulli S. Watkiss City Clerk

Authority:

Toronto and East York Community Council Item 27.96.

as adopted by City of Toronto Council on September 30 and October 1, 2009

Enacted by Council: June 9, 2010

CITY OF TORONTO

BY-LAW No. 588-2010

To designate the property at 160 Queen Street West (Campbell House) as being of cultural heritage value or interest.

WHEREAS authority was granted by Council to designate the property at 160 Queen Street West (Campbell House) as being of cultural heritage value or interest; and CENTRO BE

WHEREAS the Ontario Heritage Act authorizes the Council of a municipality to enact by-laws to designate real property, including all buildings and structures located thereon, to be of cultural heritage value or interest; and

WHEREAS the Council of the City of Toronto has caused to be served upon the owners of the land and premises known as 160 Queen Street West and upon the Ontario Heritage Trust, a Notice of Intention to designate the property and has caused the Notice of Intention to be posted on the City's web site for a period of 30 days in accordance with Municipal Code Chapter 162. Notice. Public, Article II, § 162-4, Notice requirements under the Ontario Heritage Act; and

WHEREAS the reasons for designation are set out in Schedule "A" to this by-law; and

WHEREAS no notice of objection was served upon the Clerk of the municipality;

The Council of the City of Toronto HEREBY ENACTS as follows:

- 1. The property at 160 Queen Street West, more particularly described in Schedule "B" and shown on Schedule "C" attached to this by-law, is designated as being of cultural heritage value or interest.
- 2. The City Solicitor is authorized to cause a copy of this by-law to be registered against the property described in Schedule "B" to this by-law in the proper Land Registry Office.
- 3. The City Clerk is authorized to cause a copy of this by-law to be served upon the owners of the property at 160 Queen Street West and upon the Ontario Heritage Trust and to cause notice of this by-law to be posted on the City's web site for a period of 30 days in accordance with Municipal Code Chapter 162, Notice, Public, Article II, § 162-4, Notice requirements under the Ontario Heritage Act.

ENACTED AND PASSED this 9th day of June, A.D. 2010.

SANDRA BUSSIN, Speaker **ULLI S. WATKISS** City Clerk

(Corporate Seal)

SCHEDULE "A"

REASONS FOR DESIGNATION

Description

The property at 160 Queen Street West is worthy of designation under Part IV, Section 29 of the Ontario Heritage Act for its cultural heritage value, and meets the criteria prescribed for municipal designation by the Province of Ontario under the three categories of design, associative and contextual value. The 2½-storey house form building was completed in 1822 in the Town of York and moved to its present location near the northwest corner of Queen Street West and University Avenue in 1972. The property was included on the inaugural City of Toronto Inventory of Heritage Properties in June 1973. Campbell House is operated by the Advocates' Society as a historic house museum and special events venue.

Statement of Cultural Heritage Value

Campbell House is valued because it is the only surviving residential building from the Town of York. It is a rare surviving example of an early 19th century building in Toronto designed in the Georgian style. The style is epitomized in Campbell House's elegant proportions, symmetrical south façade, and pedimented gable with an oval window. It is also one of the oldest remaining house form buildings in Toronto.

Campbell House is associated with a person of significance in the early history of the city and the province. The residence was originally commissioned for and occupied by Sir William Campbell (1758-1834), who was appointed the Chief Justice for the Province of Upper Canada (now Ontario) in 1825. A Scottish-born soldier who became a lawyer and politician in Nova Scotia, Campbell moved to Upper Canada (Ontario) in 1811 when he was offered a judgeship. At the time of his appointment as Chief Justice, Campbell was a leading member of the community who served as Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, Governor of the Bank of Upper Canada, and Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Toronto's first hospital. Campbell is distinguished as first Canadian judge to receive a knighthood in 1829.

Campbell House is also associated with the beginnings of the historic preservation movement in Toronto. The house was originally built on Duke Street (now Adelaide Street East) in the Town of York. Its use as a residence ended after 1900 when the area changed to an industrial district. The building was threatened with demolition in the 1960s, prior to the passage of the Ontario Heritage Act. The Advocates' Society, an association of courtroom lawyers practising in Ontario, formed the Sir William Campbell Foundation to save the building. The Foundation entered into an agreement with the City of Toronto and the Canada Life Insurance Company to move Campbell House to the Company's land near the corner of Queen Street West and University Avenue. In 1972, the building was lifted and moved along city streets, an event that was widely covered by the media. Its restoration was typical of the period in the 1970s with many of the documented original architectural features restored, missing elements replicated according to archival research and pre-move documentation, and others recreated based on the study of other intact Georgian buildings in Ontario. Of particular significance is the restored basement kitchen, with the brick detailing and floor.

With its evocative Georgian design, Campbell House is a landmark on Queen Street West. In its appearance, vintage and associations with the legal profession, it complements Osgoode Hall, the early 19th century landmark on the opposite (northeast) corner of Queen Street West and University Avenue, which is designated under Part IV, Section 29 of the Ontario Heritage Act.

Heritage Attributes

The heritage attributes of Campbell House associated with its stated cultural heritage value are:

Exterior attributes

- The scale, form and massing.
- The materials with brick cladding and brick and wood trim. The 2½-storey rectangular plan. The gable roof with truncated ends (east and west), extended eaves, brick end chimneys and, on the south slope, an enclosed pediment with an oval window.
- On the principal (south) façade, the symmetrical arrangement of the frontispiece, main entrance and fenestration.
- The main (south) entry, with double paneled wood doors, a multi-paned fanlight, three-quarter-length sidelights, and the single-storey half-round portico with columns and an entablature.
- The tall flat-headed window openings containing multi-paned nine-over-nine sash windows and displaying replicated louvered wood shutters.
- On the side elevations (east and west), the continuation of the symmetrically-placed flat-headed window openings with sash windows, including quarter-round windows in the attic level.

Interior attributes

- The centre hall plan with the basement kitchen, the southwest and southeast rooms on the first floor, and the southwest and east rooms on the second floor are included in the Reasons for Designation.
- On the interior, the tall ceiling heights, the plaster ceilings with mouldings and rosettes, the
 paneled wood doors and surrounds, the wood window surrounds and paneled reveals,
 the wood baseboards and chair rails, the brick fireplaces with wood mantels and the original
 pine floors.
- In the first-floor hall, the restored semi-circular wood staircase and the fanlight above the north door.

City of Toronto By-law No. 588-2010

- In the first-floor southwest room, the restored mehes flanking the fireplace.
- In the kitchen, the original brick fireplace, hearth, bake oven and floor.

SCHEDULE "B"

Part of PIN 21207-0118 (LT)

Lots 1, 2, 3 on the north side of Queen Street, part of Lot 1 on the east side of William Street and part of the Lane closed by Judges Order (EP19219) on Plan 1-49-55 designated as PART 1 on Plan 66R-24726

City of Toronto, Province of Ontario Land Titles Division of the Toronto Registry Office (No. 66)

The hereinbefore described land being delineated by heavy outline on Sketch No. PS-2010-029 dated March 12, 2010, as set out in Schedule "C".

