



An agency of the Government of Ontario



Un organisme du gouvernement de l'Ontario

This document was retrieved from the Ontario Heritage Act Register, which is accessible through the website of the Ontario Heritage Trust at **www.heritagetrust.on.ca**.

Ce document est tiré du registre aux fins de la *Loi sur le patrimoine de l'Ontario*, accessible à partir du site Web de la Fiducie du patrimoine ontarien sur **www.heritagetrust.on.ca**.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON



DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY CLERK
K.W. SADLER, CITY CLERK

RECEIVED
IN THE OFFICE

DEC 7 1995

CULTURAL PROGRAMS
HERITAGE UNIT

REGISTERED

December 5, 1995

Ontario Heritage Foundation
10 Adelaide Street East
Toronto, Ontario
M5C 1J3

Re: Designation of Various Properties
The Ontario Heritage Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. 0.18

Please find enclosed a certified copy of the following by-laws:

- ✓ 1. By-law No. L.S.P.-3260-187, entitled "A by-law to designate the Springbank Park Pumphouse to be of architectural and historical value.", passed by the Municipal Council of The Corporation of the City of London on September 5, 1995 and registered as Instrument No. 396240 on September 12, 1995; and
- ✓ 2. By-law No. L.S.P.-3261-200, entitled "A by-law to designate 870 Hellmuth Avenue to be of architectural value.", passed by the Municipal Council of The Corporation of the City of London on September 18, 1995 and registered as Instrument No. 397202 on September 20, 1995.

for J. A. Malpass
J. A. Malpass
Assistant City Clerk
/crg

Encl.



CITY OF LONDON BY-LAW CERTIFICATION RECORD

I, K. W. Sadler City Clerk

of the Corporation of the City of London, hereby certify that the By-law hereunder is a true
copy of By-law No. L.S.P.-3261-200

of the City of London, passed on September 18 19 95.

DATED at London, Ontario this 4th day of December 19 95.


Signature

FORM NO. 0920

By-law No. L.S.P.-3261-200

A by-law to designate 870 Hellmuth Avenue to be of architectural value.

WHEREAS pursuant to the *Ontario Heritage Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. 0.18*, the Council of a municipality may by by-law designate a property including buildings and structures thereon to be of historic or architectural value or interest;

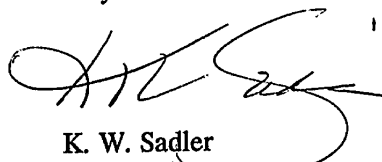
AND WHEREAS notice of intention to so designate the property known as 870 Hellmuth Avenue has been duly published and served and no notice of objection to such designation has been received;

The Municipal Council of The Corporation of the City of London enacts as follows:

1. There is designated as being of architectural value or interest, the real property at 870 Hellmuth Avenue, more particularly described in Schedule "A" hereto, for the reasons set out in Schedule "B" hereto.
2. The City Clerk is authorized to cause a copy of this by-law to be registered upon the title to the property described in Schedule "A" hereto in the proper Land Registry Office.
3. The City Clerk is authorized to cause a copy of this by-law to be served upon the owner of the aforesaid property and upon the Ontario Heritage Foundation and to cause notice of this by-law to be published in the London Free Press, and to enter the description of the aforesaid property, the name and address of its registered owner, and short reasons for its designation in the Register of all properties designated under the *Ontario Heritage Act*.
4. This by-law comes into force on the day it is passed.

PASSED in Open Council on September 18, 1995.


Dianne Haskett
Mayor


K. W. Sadler
City Clerk

First reading - September 18, 1995
Second reading - September 18, 1995
Third reading - September 18, 1995

SCHEDULE "A"

To By-law No. L.S.P.-3261-200

Lot 34 on the east side of Hellmuth Avenue, Plan 242(E) in the City of London and County of Middlesex being all of PIN 08241-0039.

SCHEDULE "B"

To By-law No. L.S.P.-3261-200

ARCHITECTURAL REASONS:

The houses on Hellmuth, north of St. James Street exhibit characteristics unique to the time of their construction. The homes were built between 1905-12. The transition from the earlier Victorian styles as seen in 875 and 879 Hellmuth differ markedly from those at, 871, 872, and 873 which exhibit the contemporary Edwardian Queen Anne variant which would dominate the 1910's. The buildings also exhibit the increasing dependence on imported red brick over the local white brick. Red brick at this time was seen as a prestige construction material, and it eventually replaced white brick which went out of production in the 1930's.

870 Hellmuth Avenue is a two and a half storey white brick house.

HISTORICAL REASONS:

Bishop Isaac Hellmuth played an important role in the development of London as an important educational centre. He founded both the Hellmuth Boys College (1864) and Hellmuth Ladies College (1867), both ranked as important educational institutions at the time. As well he was instrumental in founding and funding the University of Western Ontario in 1878, certainly his most enduring contribution to the city.

Hellmuth Boys College encompassed an entire city block bounded by Wellington, Grosvenor, St. James and Waterloo Streets. The college was bankrupt by 1877, and the grounds and buildings were eventually used by the University of Western Ontario until 1885, and finally demolished in 1895. The property was divided quickly into building lots. Today the only reminder of this important part of London's educational history is Hellmuth Avenue which divided the former campus in two.