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February 20, 2024

Registrar
A/Provincial Heritage Registrar, Ontario Heritage Act
Ontario Heritage Trust
10 Adelaide Street East
Toronto ON M5C 1J3

Re: Designating By-law – 144-150 King Street West

This is to advise that the Council of the Corporation of the City of Kitchener, at its regular meeting held on Monday, February 12, 2024, passed By-law 2024-037, pursuant to Part IV of the Ontario Heritage Act, designating the property municipally known as 144-150 King Street West as being of historic and cultural heritage value or interest. A copy of the designating By-law is attached for your information, along with a copy of the Notice of Passing.

Any person who objects to this By-law may appeal to the Ontario Land Tribunal by notifying the Ontario Land Tribunal and the Clerk of the Corporation of the City of Kitchener in writing within 30 days after the publication of this notice. The last day to appeal is March 21, 2024. A notice of appeal must set out the objections to the By-law and the reasons in support of the objection, accompanied by the fee charged by the Ontario Land Tribunal.

Yours truly,

Marilyn Mills

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Committee Coordinator

cc: Jessica Vieira, Heritage Planner

Received

FEB 2 1 2024

Ontario Heritage Trust



IN THE MATTER OF THE ONTARIO HERITAGE ACT, R.S.O. 1990, CHAPTER O.18, AS AMENDED, AND IN THE MATTER OF THE LANDS AND PREMISES AT THE FOLLOWING MUNICIPAL ADDRESS(ES) IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

NOTICE OF PASSING HERITAGE DESIGNATION BY-LAW

TAKE NOTICE that the Council of the Corporation of the City of Kitchener passed the following By-laws designating the following properties as being of cultural heritage value or interest under the Ontario Heritage Act, R.S.O. 1990, Chapter O.18, as amended:

By-law 2024-028
 By-law 2024-029
 By-law 2024-030
 By-law 2024-031
 By-law 2024-032
 By-law 2024-032
 By-law 2024-033
 By-law 2024-033
 By-law 2024-034
 By-law 2024-034
 By-law 2024-034

By-law 2024-034
 By-law 2024-035
 By-law 2024-036
 By-law 2024-036
 66 Queen Street Sout
 67 King Street East
 73 Young Street

By-law 2024-037
 By-law 2024-038
 Hy-law 2024-038
 Hy-law 2024-038
 Hy-law 2024-038

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that any person who objects to this By-law may appeal to the Ontario Land Tribunal by notifying the Ontario Land Tribunal and the Clerk of the Corporation of the City of Kitchener in writing within 30 days after the publication of this notice. The last day to appeal is March 21, 2024. A notice of appeal must set out the objections to the By-law and the reasons in support of the objection, accompanied by the fee charged by the Ontario Land Tribunal.

Dated at Kitchener the 20th day of February, 2024.

Amanda Fusco

Director of Legislated Services & City Clerk

City Hall, P.O. Box 1118

200 King Street West, Kitchener, Ontario N2G 4G7



FEB 21 2024

Ontario Heritage Trust

BY-LAW NUMBER

OF THE

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF KITCHENER

Being a by-law to designate the property municipally addressed as 144-150 King Street West, in the City of Kitchener as being of historic and cultural heritage value or interest.

WHEREAS section 29 of the *Ontario Heritage Act*, R.S.O. 1990, C. 0.18, authorizes the Council of a Municipality to enact by-laws to designate real property, including all of the buildings and structures thereon, or portions thereof, to be of cultural heritage value or interest;

AND WHEREAS the Council of The Corporation of the City of Kitchener has received and considered the recommendations of its municipal heritage committee (Heritage Kitchener) regarding the designation of a property located at 144-150 King Street West, Kitchener (the "Property");

AND WHEREAS the Council of The Corporation of the City of Kitchener resolved at its Council Meeting held on December 11, 2023, to publish a Notice of Intention to designate the Property as being of cultural heritage value or interest pursuant to section 29 of the *Ontario Heritage Act*, R.S.O. 1990, C. O.18, and which resolution was confirmed by By-law No. 2023-183;

AND WHEREAS a copy of the Notice of Intent to Designate was served upon the registered owners of the Property and upon the Ontario Heritage Trust;

AND WHEREAS a copy of the Notice of Intent to Designate was published in the Waterloo Region Record, which is a newspaper having general circulation in the City of Kitchener on December 15, 2023, a copy of which is attached to this by-law as "Schedule A".

AND WHEREAS no Notice of Objection to the proposed designation has been served upon the Clerk of the City of Kitchener;

NOW THEREFORE the Council of The Corporation of the City of Kitchener enacts as follows:

- 1. The building and property known as 144-150 King Street West, Kitchener, as more particularly described in Schedules "B" and "C" to this by-law are hereby designated as being of cultural value or interest under Part IV, section 29 of the *Ontario Heritage Act*, R.S.O. 1990, C. 0.18;
- 2. The City Solicitor is hereby authorized to cause a copy of this by-law to be registered against the whole of the property described in Schedule "D" to this by-law with the Land Registry Office;
- 3. The City Clerk is hereby authorized to cause a copy of this by-law to be served upon the registered owners of the property described in Schedule "D" to this by-law and on the Ontario Heritage Trust; and,
- 4. The City Clerk is hereby authorized to publish a notice of this by-law in a newspaper having general circulation in the City of Kitchener.

PASSED at the Council Chambers in the City of Kitchener this 12th day of February, 2024.

Received		Mayor
FEB 2 1 2024		Clerk

SCHEDULE A

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DESIGNATE

144-150 KING STREET WEST, KITCHENER



ON THE MATTER OF THE CINTARIC HERITAGE ACT, RISIO 1990, CHAPTER O 18, AS AMENDED, AND IN THE MATTER OF THE LANGS AND PREMISES AT THE FOLLOWING MUNICIPAL ADDRESSES IN THE PROVINCE OF CINTARIO

MOTICE OF INTENTION

TAKE NOTICE that the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ritchener intends to designate the following municipal addresses as being of cultural heritage value or interest under Part IV of the Chilano Heritage Act. R.S.O. 1990, Chapter O.18, as amended.

24 Courtland Avenue East

The property municipally addressed as 24 Countland Avenue East demonstrates dasign/physical, historical/associative and contextual value. The design and physical value of the property relates to the unique Vernacular Victorian Golfric architectural style. Walk-up now neuring is rare in the context of Kitchener, as there are not many examples of this housing typology within the City.

The historical and associative value of the property relates to the original owner, purpose, and relationship to adjacem industrial buildings. The walk-no row housing is representative of the industrial development that was taking place in Ritchener in the late 19° and sarry 20° century. The building was constructed by Martin Nelson to accommodate the fermale workers from the adjacent Williams, Greene and Rome Shirt and Collar Factory on Queen Street South (now known be the Bread and Roses Cooperative).

The contextual value of the property relates to the building's historic and visual link to the adjacent industrial buildings, including the former Williams, Greene and Rome Shirt and Collar Factory and the Arrow Shirt Factory.

25 Courtland Avenue East

The property municipally addressed as 26 Countland Avenue East demonstrates designiphysical, historical associative and contextual value. The draign and physical value of the property tentes to the unique Vernacular Victorian Griffic architectural says. Walk-up now housing is tare in the correct of Kitchener, with not many examples of this focusing typology within the City.

The historical and associative value of the property relates to the original owner, purpose, and relationatip to adjacent industrial buildings. The walk-up row housing is representative of the industrial development that was taking place in Kitchener in the late 19th and early 20th century. The building was constructed by Martin Nelson to accommodate the female workers from the adjacent Williams, Greene and Rome Shirt and Collar Factory on Queen Street South (how known as the Breat and Roses Cooperative).

The corrobinal value of the property relates to the fullding's historic and visual link to the adjacent industrial buildings, including the former Williams, Greene and Rome Shirt and Coller Factory and the Arrow Shirt Factory.

58 Queen Street South

The property municipally noticesed as 58 Queen Street South demonstrates designifitys rail, and historicallassociative, and contextual values. The design and physical value of the property relates to the building being a representative example of the Renaissance Revival architectural style that is in good condition with many in-each original elements.

The historical and associative value of the property relates to the original owner and use of the property, as well as the contribution made to the history of bitchener's development.

The contextual within of the property relates to its contribution to a collection of huistings constructed during the industrial and commercial development of Editations. The building on the subject property is in its original location and maintains historical and visual-links to its surroundines.

66 Queen Street South

The property municipally addressed as 66 Curen Street South demonstrates designifigated, and tendricalizes centure, and contentual values. The design and physical value of the property relates to the building being a septementative comple of the Renassance Revival architectural style that is in good condition with many in-cart onginal elements.

The historical and associative value of the property relates to the original owner and use of the property, as well as the contribution made to the history of Kitchener's development.

The contextual value of the emperty retates to its contribution to a collection of building constructed during the industrial and commercial development of followers. The building on the subject property is in its anginal foration and cranitans historical and visual links to its sumulations.

73 Young Street

The property municipally artifected as 73 Young Street demonstrates design/physical, and historica/associative, and controlled values. The design and physical value of the property relates to its Gotha architectural style, tale out in the shape of a Latin Cross with extensive use of denorative for its and stone moulaing, buttresses, and circular brick ties, and overall symmetry of the church with similar lagade and tenestration patterns throughout.

The historical and associative value of the property relates to the original owner and use of the property and building, and the contributors made to Kitchener's history. The land has always been used as a church and contains one of the cideal churches in Kitchener. The subject property has direct associations with Acthur William Holmes, a prominent storitect who devoted most of their career to designing buildings for the Roman Catholic Church in Southern Ortanio.

The contextual value of the property relates to physical, historical, functional, and visual lines to the hurding's surrouncings. The church third no has a strong visual prosector, including important views, on Duke Street and Young Street as the building accupies a large site slightly stoward on a nill. The church be loing has also been recognized as a landmark within the City of Kitchener.

4 King Street East/1 Queen Street South

The princetty municipally adoressed as 4 King Street East*1 Queen Street South demonstrates design/obysical, historicst/associative, contestual, and economic values.

The design and physical values relate to the italianste architectural style that is in good condition with many intest original elements

The faster and and associative values treate to the original owner and use of the building. The original owner of the building was Louis Breithaupt while the original use of the building was a fixthe, filled the American Hotel. The building is the order commencial building in the City Louis Breithaupt was a prominent business in Berlin as well as a former mayor, and his contributions to the descriptment of Berlin form an integral chapter in Berlin's commercial and industrial development.

This building has contextual value, being built in the downtown commercial core of their-Berlin and part of a group of buildings that were built at the onset of industrial and commercial development in the City Today, these buildings are in the downtown commercial core of Kitchener and greatly contribute to the character of the area. The building is in its original location and maintains historical and visual links to its sundundings. Furthermore, the building is located at a prominent intersection in the downtown sty core.

2-22 Dane Street West

The property municipally addressed as 2-22 Duke Street West demonstrates design physical, historicallassociative, and contextual values.

The building municipally addressed as 2-22 Duke Street East has design and physical value, being a notable and unique example of the Art Deso architectural style as well as displaying a high degree of radiffication through the many desaffed elements of the structure.

The property has historical and associative values, as if relates directly to the thema of economic growth and development in the downtown area and has direct association with the Breithaupt family through its original ownership

The context at waive of the property relates to its obysical, historical, functional, and visual line to its surroundings. The building sits on the intersection of Queen Street North and Duke Sweet East, in its original location, it retains its original use as the home to multiple local businesses:

40 Chapel Hill Drive

The property municipally addressed as 40 Chapel Hill Drive demonstrates design/physical, historical/associative, and contextual values.

The design and physical value of 40 Chapel Hill Onveresides in its Modern architectural style, laid out in an irregular floor plan and utilizing a mix of natural building materials including stone, vertical wood siding and wood shingles. The chosen design is symbolic in nature, and relates to the theology of the Carmel Church of New Jerusalem.

to the theology of the Carmel Church of New Jerusalem.
The historical and associative value of 40 Chapel HII relates to the original owners and use of the property and building. The building was constructed by the Carmel Church of New Jerusalem, who remain the owners to date. The Carmel Church of the New Jerusalem is a society of the New Church, which is a Christian denomination that follows the theological writings and interpretations of famous 18° century Swedish scientist; philosopher, and theological Emanual Swedenborg. Such sents can be referred to as Swedenborgians. The Pennsylvania groups of Swedenborgian were one of the principal sources of immigration to Waterloo County, and later enabled the emergency of the Berlin Association in the middle of the nineteenth consury. The property also provides some insight into patterns of growth and development within the area, being formally the centre of an independent and self-sufficient church community known as Caryndale. Urbanization and a growing population led to the community's eventual annexation into Kitchener in the 1970's. Finally, the associative value of the church relates to its designer, prolific local architect John Lingwood.

The contestual value of 40 Chapel Hill Drive relates to its importance in maintaining the character of the church-cerored community formerly known as Caryndale. Though the area's title has changed from community to neighbourhood and it has grown significantly through the construction of new subdivisions as well as infill development, the predominant residential use of the area remains. The subject property and the sunconding area have been identified as being a Cultural Heritage Landscape.

54-68 King Street West

The property municipally addressed as 54-58 King Street West demonstrates design/physical, historical/associative, and contextual values. The design and physical value of 54-60 King Street West resides in its architecture and physical construction. The building is a unique expression of Wodernist architecture that also utilizes classical and non-dessidal motifs. It is this sophisticated blending of different styles from varying eras that make the subject property a significant piece of architecture within the community. Through its maximal use and other detailing it also displays a high degree of craftmanship.

The historical and associative value of the property lay in its significant association with banking institutions. Prior to becoming the Bank of Novs Social in 1925, the property held a building formerly known as the Memor Block, which was occupied by the Union Bank. The Memor Block was demonstrated in 1962 and replaced with the existing one-storey building. This building also has significance due to its association with programs and initiatives undentaken by the bank that reflected how such institutions and their processes changed and developed over time. It reflects the economic climate of both the area and, to some degree, the country at the time of its construction. The building was designed by Carl Albert Rieder, a prominent local architect who made significant contributions to the field during the span of his career.

The contextual value of 54-68 King Street West relates to its importance in maintaining the commercial character of the surrounding area, as well as its physical, functional, visual, and historical link to its surroundings. It is within the Downtown Cultural Hartlage Landscape, which is within the City Centre District, and its an arga that has historically been recognized as the heart of the downtown and a focal point of the Region. In addition, the distinct architectural style of 54-68 King Street West and its location on a corner tot along a primary road makes the building prominently visible and easily recognizable.

70 Francis Street North

The property municipally addressed as 70 Francis Street North demonstrates design/physical, historical/associative, and contextual values. The building at 70 Francis Street North has design and physical value, being a representative example of a late-19th century residential dwelling constructed in the Queen Anne Revival architectural style.

The property has historical and associative value due to it's the original ownership as well as its connection to the theme of economic development within the City. The residential dwelling was built for Albert Ruby, a prominent citizen and life-long resident of Berlin (new Kitchener) and a major contributor to the furniture industry within the area. H. Krug Furniture Company was established in the 1880's by Albert Ruby in partnership with Hartman Krug its establishment was instrumental to the growth and development of the City and its economy, being regulad to be the larges; furniture plant in the British Empire in the early 1900s, Krug Furniture continues to be a leader in the design and manufacturing of furniture solutions, specifically now for offices and healthcare, and it remains one of the oldest businesses still operating in Kitchener. The Buby family still has direct and significant files with the company, with Len Buby being it's president in 2023.

The contextual value of 70 Francis Street North reates to the physical, historical, and visual links to the surrounding area. The building is in 13' original location along Francis Street North and is surrounded by other historic buildings. Though the house is now used as an office space, it continues to contribute to the continuity and character of the Francis Street North street/scape. Further, it is historically linked to the Krug Furniture factory located in proximity at 111 Afrens Street West/105 Breithaupt Street.

144-150 King Street West

The front façade of the property municipally addressed as 144-150 King Street West demonstrates design/physical, historical/associative, and contextual values.

The design and physical value of the building resides in its architecture and physical construction, as the building is a representative example of the Classical Revival architectural style. A high degree of technical and scientific achievement is demonstrated, as the front façade is likely the first in the City to be built with precast concrete. In addition, it is believed that fine building was the first within the City to install an elevator

The property has historical and associative value due to its connection to the theme of economic development in the downtown area. In 1840 David Weber suit a prevacte parcel of land north of King Street and east of Young Street, all within Lot 16 and part of the 3-acre trade made by his father-in-law in 1803 to Frederick Geukel. This parcel became the site of the Mayfair Hotel and the Weber Chambers, which is the inscription seen on the parapet of 144-150 King Street West. The Weber Chambers building originally housed storefroms on the ground floor and office spaces above, and was home to a number of notable tenants.

The contextual value of the building relates to its importance in maintaining the commercial character of the surrounding area, as well as its physical, functional, visual, and historical link to its surroundings. The surrounding area is occupied by a mix of uses, with hotels, banks, and other commercial enterprises being the original enchors of the commercial core. Though the upper storage are now residential units, the ground floor maintains its original commercial use and continues to support the commercial character of the area.

149-151 Ontario Street Morth

The property municipally addressed as 149-151 Critario Street North demonstrates design/physical, and historical/associative values. The building is an early example of a late 19° century, semi-detached, vernabular brick building with both Italianate and modest Georgian

The property has historical and associative value because it is the last remaining example of a residential building in this section of Ontario Street North and is an example of a working class residence.

628 New Dundee Road

The property municipally addressed as 628 New Dundee Road demonstrates design/physical, historical/associative, and contextual values. The dwalling on the lot is a representative and early example off a dwalling constructed in the Gothic Revival Cottage architectural style. Common features characteristic of this specific style are displayed, and the building was constructed prior to Confederation in 1867

Historical/associative values are displayed as the property was once a working 19° century agricultural farm complex and is therefore associated with themes of agriculture and mid-19° century agricultural practices. Further, it is associated with the theme of early settlement in the Beasley's Old Survey area of Waterloo Township. The structure also deconoratives local materials available to settlers and common construction methods utilized during the late nineteenth century and, when compared to similar style buildings within the area, reveals some anchitectural trends.

The dwelling on the lot has contestual value as the surroundings largely retain their rural character. The farmhouse also maintains a relationship to and remains oriented towards New Dundee Road, which is the original settlement road that once bisected the lot. As such, the dwelling has a physical link to its surroundings.

67 King Street East

The property municipally addressed as 67 King Street East demonstrates design/physical, historical/associative, and computual values.

The design and physical value of the subject property resides in the architecture and physical construction of the building. It is a unique and representative example of the International architectural style in a commercial building.

The building possesses historical and associative value due to its original use and ownership. The building was originally owned and operated by the Canada Permanent In, at Company, whose origins as a must company date back to 1865. At the time that 67 King Street East was constructed. Canada Permanent was the oldest trust company in Canada. The architecture firm which dasigned the building also contributes to the historical and associative value of 67 King Street East. The building was designed by the tirm of prominent local architect Carl Reider.

The contestual value of 67 king Street East relates to its importance in maintaining the commercial character of the surrounding area, as well as its physical, functional, visual, and historical link to its surroundings. The subject property is located within the Downtown Cultural Heritage Lendscape, in an area commonly recognized as the heart of the downtown and the historically focal point of early development in what was then Berlin. Further it is located in-situ within a notable setting, as the building provides a frame for the adjacent Speakers Comer Park space. The full Statements of Significance, containing a list of the heritage attributes, is available in the Office of the City Clark by contacting planks to their read during normal business hours. Any person may send by Registered Mail, or deliver to the Clark of the City of Kitchener, notice of their objection is to the proposed designation, together with a statement of the reasons for objection and all relevant facts, to be received by the Clark notice than the 14° day of January, 2024. If a Notice to a header of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Kitchener, will eater than the 14° day of January, 2024. If a Notice is a header and convert. of Kitchener will refer the matter to the Ontario Land Tribunal (<u>https://oh.gov.on.ca/</u>) for a hearing and report

Dated at Kitchener the 15" day of December, 2023.

Amanda Fusco Director of Lagislated Services 6. City Clerk City Hall, P.O. Box 1118 200 King Sheef West

Kitchener, Ontario MZG 4G7

SCHEDULE B

STATEMENT OF CULTURAL HERITAGE VALUE OR INTEREST

144-150 KING STREET WEST, KITCHENER

Description of Cultural Heritage Resource

144-150 King Street West is a four-storey late 19th century cast concrete commercial building built in the Classical Revival architectural style. The building is situated on 0.15 acre parcel of land located on the north side of King Street West between Young Street and Ontario Street in the City Commercial Core of the City of Kitchener in the Region of Waterloo. The principal resource that contributes to the heritage value is the four-storey commercial building.

Heritage Value

144-150 King Street is recognized for its design/physical, historical/associative, and contextual values.

Design/Physical Value

The design and physical value of the building resides in its architecture and physical construction. The building is a representative example of the Classical Revival architectural style in a commercial building. The structure is four-storeys in height. Renovations to the front were completed in the early 21st century, which included covering the original pre-cast concrete cladding with a different cladding. Though some original detailing was lost, the work largely maintained the original appearance of the structure.

Front (South) Façade

The building fronts onto King Street West. The front façade is divided vertically by five piers, three storeys in height, creating four bays. Each bay contains a single-hung window on every storey except the ground floor. The structure is divided horizontally by a corbel table above the first storey, with a second corbel table sitting above the fourth storey and below the parapet. Crenels are cut into the parapet, giving the roofline a unique and distinct shape. The parapet also contains an inscription that reads "Weber Chambers", which gives the structure its name.

The building also demonstrates a high degree of technical and scientific achievement. The King Street West façade is likely the first in the City to be built with a precast concrete façade. The current façade is clad with an exterior insulation and finishing system (EIFS) similar to stucco; however, the original precast concrete façade still exists behind the new cladding. In addition, it is believed that this building was the first building within the City to install an elevator.

Historical/Associative Value

The subject property has historical and associative value due to its connection to the theme of economic development in the downtown area.

In 1840 David Weber sold a one-acre parcel of land north of King Street and east of Young Street, all within Lot 16 and part of the 3-acre trade made by his father-in-law in 1833 to Frederick Gaukel. This parcel became the site of the Mayfair Hotel and the Weber Chambers, which is the inscription seen on the parapet of 144-150 King Street West. The Weber Chambers building originally housed storefronts on the ground floor and office spaces above. Notable tenants of the property have included: London Life Conservatory of Music (1912); Met Life Insurance Co. (1912); Wm. Cairnes, Real Estate (1912); H.L. Staebler Co. Ltd., Insurance (1924 and 1933); Salts and Chemicals, Ltd. (1924); Bricker & Sons, Ltd., Wholesale Jeweler (1924); R.W. Ripley, Dental Laboratory (1933); and, G.E. Schlee, Advertising (1933). The site was the long-time home to the Palladium Restaurant, whose "Candy, Ice Cream, Palladium Restaurant" sign was easily recognizable by locals at the time, and which served downtown Kitchener well into the 1980's. Also operating for many years under the Palladium was William G. Sahli, a watchmaker-jeweler. William. G. Sahli's career spanned 68 years, concluding with his retirement in 1978 at the age of 83. He had serviced three generations of the same family and other locals within the area, and, like the Palladium Restaurant, became a staple of the Kitchener downtown. In 1985 the second to fourth storey office spaces were converted to residential uses, but the ground floor retains its commercial uses.

Contextual Value

The contextual value of the building relates to its importance in maintaining the commercial character of the surrounding area, as well as its physical, functional, visual, and historical link to its surroundings. The subject property is located within the Downtown Cultural Heritage Landscape, which is within the City Centre District and is an area that has historically been recognized as the heart of the downtown and a focal point of the Region. The area is occupied by a mix of uses, with hotels, banks, and other commercial enterprises being the original anchors of the commercial core. Though the upper storeys are now residential units, the ground floor maintains its original commercial use and continues to support the commercial character of the area. In addition, while this area has continued to evolve, many of the late-19th century and early-20th century commercial structures like 144-150 Weber Street remain today and further contribute to the character of the area.

SCHEDULE C

DESCRIPTION OF HERITAGE ATTRIBUTES

144-150 KING STREET WEST, KITCHENER

Description of the Heritage Attributes

The heritage value of 144-150 King Street West resides in the following heritage attributes:

- All elements related to the construction and Classical Revival architectural style of the front façade, including:
 - Roof and rooflines;
 - o Window openings;
 - Stone lintels and sills;
 - o Door openings;
 - o EIFS (Stucco) façade;
 - Tall three-storey piers;
 - Corbel table above the storefront and below the roofline;
 - Crenellated parapet; and
 - Inscription on parapet reading "Weber Chambers."

Received

FEB 21 2024

Ontario Heritage Trust

SCHEDULE D

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

LT 4-5 PL 362 KITCHENER; PT LT 3 PL 362 KITCHENER AS IN 413167; KITCHENER Being all of PIN 22316-0006 (LT)