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Mailing Address:
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Planning and Economic Development Department
Planning Division

November 8, 2024

Ontario Heritage Trust
Attn: Provincial Heritage Registrar
10 Adelaide Street East
Toronto, ON M5C 1J3

Dear Provincial Heritage Registrar:

**Re: Notice of Intention to Designate under Part IV of the *Ontario Heritage Act*
24 Blake Street, Hamilton (Eastcourt Carriage House)**

The City of Hamilton intends to designate 24 Blake Street, Hamilton, under Section 29 of the *Ontario Heritage Act*, as being property of cultural heritage value. **Attached** please find the Statement of Cultural Heritage Value or Interest and Description of Heritage Attributes for the subject property.

A Notice of Intention to Designate the property was also published in the Hamilton Spectator on November 8, 2024.

Any person who objects to the proposed designation shall, within thirty days after the date of publication of the notice of intention, serve on the Clerk of the municipality a notice of objection setting out the reason for the objection and all relevant facts.

If you have any questions regarding this Notice of Intention to Designate, please contact: Maryssa Barras, Cultural Heritage Planning Technician II, Email: maryssa.barras@hamilton.ca.

Sincerely,

Anita Fabac, MCIP RPP
Acting Director, Planning and Chief Planner

MB
Attach.

cc: Councillor Nann, Ward 3
Patrick MacDonald, Solicitor
Jorge Caetano, Acting Director, Building Division
Matt Gauthier, Legislative Coordinator
Maryssa Barras, Cultural Heritage Planning Technician II

Receive

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Ontario Heritage Trust

CITY OF HAMILTON

Notice of Intention to Designate

24 Blake Street, Hamilton

**STATEMENT OF CULTURAL HERITAGE VALUE OR INTEREST AND
DESCRIPTION OF HERITAGE ATTRIBUTES**

The 0.1-hectare property municipally addressed as 24 Blake Street, Hamilton, is comprised of one-and-one-half-storey detached brick carriage house built circa 1875 located the rear of the property and is also comprised of a circa 1910 century two-and-a-half-storey brick dwelling. The property is located on the west side of Blake Street between Main Street East and Maplewood Avenue, in the Blakeley Neighborhood, in the City of Hamilton.

Statement of Cultural Heritage Value or Interest

The one-and-one-half-storey brick accessory building located at 24 Blake Street was originally constructed circa 1875 to match the intricate design of the historic Eastcourt residence (now demolished). The property has physical value as a representative and unique example of a nineteenth-century brick carriage house influenced by the Second Empire style of architecture and displays a high degree of craftsmanship in the form of its cast iron detailing, the use of which is also considered to be rare.

The property has historical value for its associations with the prominent Hoodless family. In 1893, Joseph Hoodless (1824-1895) and son John Hoodless (1854-1923), the owners of the prosperous furniture making business J. Hoodless & Son, purchased the Eastcourt Estate. By 1894, John and his family, including Adelaide Hoodless (nee Hunter) (1857-1910) were living on the property. Adelaide Hoodless was an important political player and champion for Canadian women's education in the late-nineteenth and early-twentieth centuries on a national scale. Locally, Adelaide participated in the founding of Hamilton's Young Women's Christian Association and opened the Young Women's Christian Association School of Domestic Science before establishing the Ontario Normal School of Domestic Science and Art in 1900. Beyond Hamilton, Adelaide also played an instrumental role in Ontario's adoption of domestic science into its public education, in the forming of the Young Women's Christian Association of Canada in 1895, the Women's Institute in 1897, and presiding over the creation of the Macdonald Institute of Home Economics in Guelph in 1903. Through its affiliations with Adelaide, Eastcourt became a frequented gathering place women's organizing in the nineteenth century.

The property is historically and physically linked to its surroundings, as the last remaining building connected to the Eastcourt Estate; the Eastcourt Carriage House stands as a testament to the design and detail of the historically significant property. Its presence is also a tangible reminder of the historic evolution of the Blakeley Neighbourhood, including the evolution of the Eastcourt Estate into apartments. The

Carriage House has also played an important role in shaping local urban development, with the 1910 plan for the area showing plans for the present-day public laneway to accommodate and wrap around the building. It is further linked to nearby properties including: 770 Main Street East (the lot on which the Eastcourt Estate was historically located), 7 Blake Street, formerly Linden Place and now known as Adelaide Residence, which was also constructed in the Second Empire style in 1875, and the Adelaide Hoodless Elementary School at 71 Maplewood Avenue which was constructed and named in honour of Adelaide Hoodless.

Description of Heritage Attributes

Key attributes that embody the physical value of the property as being as a representative and unique example of a nineteenth-century Second Empire brick carriage house, displaying a high degree of craftsmanship and a rare example of cast-iron ornamentation and its long-standing association with prominent Hamiltonians, including Adelaide Hoodless, include:

- All four elevations and the east and south rooflines of the circa 1875 brick carriage house, including its:
 - Square plan;
 - One-and-one-half storey massing;
 - Mansard roof with projecting eaves with half-round dormers to the east;
 - Common-bond coursed brick walls;
 - Projecting gable-roofed frontispiece in the south elevation with returning eaves and half-round window opening below the gable;
 - Segmentally arched window and door openings in the first storey elevations with brick voussoirs and stone lug sills with drips;
 - Cast-iron ornaments over keystones and at either end of the brick voussoirs on the south, east and west elevations;
 - Carriage door opening with brick voussoir on the eastern elevation; and
 - Stone foundation.

Key attributes that embody the contextual value of the property as a supporting feature of the historical character of the Blakeley Neighborhood include its:

- Location fronting onto, and bound by, the public alley surveyed in 1910 which borders the rear proximity of the lot;
- Location on what was originally part of the Eastcourt Estate's property; and
- Proximity to the Adelaide House at 7 Blake Street and Adelaide Hoodless Elementary School at 71 Maplewood Avenue.

Received

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