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Office of the City Clerk

March 13, 2025

Via email: [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

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RECEIVED
2025/03/14
(YYYY/MM/DD)
Ontario Heritage Trust

Dear [REDACTED]

**Re: Kingston City Council Meeting, March 4, 2025 – By-Law Number 2025-113;
A By-Law to Amend By-Law Number 2014-175 – 2312 Princess Street**

At the regular meeting on March 4, 2025, Council gave three readings to By-Law Number 2025-113; A By-Law to Amend By-Law Number 2014-175 (A By-Law to Designate 2312 Princess Street, also known as Pleasant View, to be of Cultural Heritage Value and Interest pursuant to the Provisions of the *Ontario Heritage Act*), R.S.O. 1990, 0.18).

Attached please find By-Law Number 2025-113, and the Notice of Passing.

Yours sincerely,

Janet Jaynes
City Clerk
/nb

Encl. By-Law Number 2025-113
Notice of Passing

C.C. Ontario Heritage Trust
Ryan Leary, Heritage Planner

**Notice of Passing By-Law to Amend By-Law Number 2014-175
Pursuant to the Provisions of the *Ontario Heritage Act* (R.S.O. 1990, Chapter 0.18)**

Take Notice that the Council of The Corporation of the City of Kingston on March 4, 2025 passed By-Law Number 2025-113 under Section 30.1 of the *Ontario Heritage Act*, R.S.O. 1990, Chapter 0.18, to amend By-Law Number 2014-175 “A By-Law to Designate 2312 Princess Street, also known as Pleasant View, to be of Cultural Heritage Value and Interest Pursuant to the Provisions of the Ontario Heritage Act”, to correct the legal description in order to remove reference to those portions of the former parcel, now a separate property, and retain the heritage designation on Part 1 on Plan 13R-23255, in Part of Lot 15 Concession 3, City of Kingston only, in order to clarify the lands that contribute to the cultural heritage value and interest of the resource.

Additional information, including a full description of the reasons for designation is available upon request from Ryan Leary, Senior Heritage Planner, Heritage Services at 613-546-4291, extension 3233, or at rleary@cityofkingston.ca during regular business hours, or by visiting the Development and Services Hub at www.cityofkingston.ca/dash and searching by address.

The registered property owner(s) who object to this By-Law may appeal to the Ontario Land Tribunal by giving the Tribunal and the City Clerk, within 30 days of the publication of this notice, a notice of appeal setting out the objection to the By-Law and the reasons in support of the objection, accompanied by the fee charged by the Tribunal.

Dated at the City of Kingston

Janet Jaynes, City Clerk

This 11th day of March, 2025

City of Kingston

City Council voted in favour of this by-law on March 4, 2025

Written approval of this by-law was given on March 4, 2025 by Mayoral Decision Number 2025-9

Clause 1, Report Number 16-January 28

By-Law Number 2025-113

A By-Law to Amend By-Law Number 2014-175 (A By-Law to Designate 2312 Princess Street, also known as Pleasant View, to be of Cultural Heritage Value and Interest Pursuant to the Provisions of the *Ontario Heritage Act*) Pursuant to the Provisions of the *Ontario Heritage Act* (R.S.O. 1990, 0.18)

Passed: March 4, 2025

Whereas pursuant to By-Law Number 2014-175 (A By-Law to Designate 2312 Princess Street, also known as Pleasant View, to be of Cultural Heritage Value and Interest Pursuant to the Provisions of the *Ontario Heritage Act*), the subject property was designated as a property of cultural heritage value and interest in accordance with the provisions of the *Ontario Heritage Act* in 2014; and

Whereas Section 30.1(2) of the Act authorizes the Council of a municipality to amend a by-law designating a property to be of cultural heritage value or interest; and

Whereas the subject property was separated into two lots, and as a result, it is necessary to amend the legal description contained in the designation by-law to include only those lands at 2312 Princess Street (Part 1, Plan 13R-23255) upon which the brick heritage building is situated; and

Whereas Council consulted with its Municipal Heritage Committee on the amendment to the designation by-law for the subject property on January 15, 2025; and

Whereas Council served a notice of proposed amendment of a designation by-law on the property owner, on January 31, 2025; and

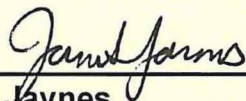
Whereas no notice of objection to the proposed amendment was served to the Clerk of The Corporation of the City of Kingston.

Therefore be it resolved that the Council of The Corporation of the City of Kingston hereby enacts as follows:

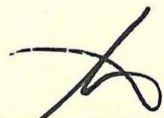
1. Schedule "A" of By-law 2014-175 is deleted and replaced with Schedule "A" attached to and forming part of this By-law;
2. A copy of this By-law shall be registered against the property affected in the proper land registry office. The City Clerk is hereby authorized to cause a copy of this By-law to be served on the owners of the land described in Schedule "A" hereto and on The Ontario Heritage Trust and on those lands formerly included in By-Law 2014-175;

3. By-Law 2014-175 shall be removed from the land titles of those lands not included within Part 1 on 13R-23255 on Part of Lot 15 in Concession 3, formally at 2312 Princess Street, Kingston; and
4. This By-Law shall come into force and take effect on the date of its passing.

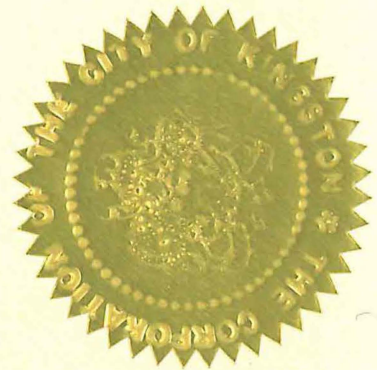
Given all Three Readings and Passed: March 4, 2025



Janet Jaynes
City Clerk



Bryan Paterson
Mayor



Schedule "A"**Description and Criteria for Designation****Pleasant View**

Civic Address: 2312 Princess Street

Legal Description: Formerly Con 3 Part Lot 15, Part of Lot B, 16 and 17 Plan 60, now Part 1 of 13R-23255; City of Kingston, County of Frontenac

Property Roll Number: 1011 080 190 00900

Introduction and Description of Property

2312 Princess Street, known as Pleasant View, and formerly known as Walnut View, is located on the north side of Princess Street west of Sydenham Road. The property subject to this designation by-law has approximately 37 metres of frontage onto Princess Street, and 65 metres of frontage onto Andersen Drive, with an approximate area of 2590 square metres. This red brick building, built from 1865 to 1869 has cultural heritage value through its physical/design values, its historical associations, and its contextual values.

Statement of Cultural Heritage Value/Statement of Significance

The property has design value or physical value because it is a rare, unique, representative or early example of a style, type, expression, material or construction method.

The property has design value or physical value because it displays a high degree of craftsmanship or artistic merit.

2312 Princess Street (Pleasant View) is of physical/design value because of its high degree of craftsmanship and its Italianate influenced architecture. Pleasant View was built by Lewis Johnson Day between 1865 and 1869. It is a fine two-storey Italianate influenced building with the brickwork of the south façade laid up in Flemish bond (the other elevations are common bond) on a limestone foundation with the red brick coming from Day's own brickyard.

The corners of the façade feature brick pilasters and the complex segmental arches over the windows at the façade are formed as part of panels set in relief. The façade is a symmetrical three bays, the focus of which is the main entrance treatment. This features the original six panel door with its deep, layered panel moldings, large segmentally arched transom with unique light configuration semi-circularly arched sidelights and pilasters forming the inner section of the door surround. The central main entrance is further emphasized by the portico with its bracketed cornice (heavy scroll brackets at the columned corners and smaller modillion brackets between), large, chamfered columns and pilasters with Tuscan capitals and the geometric designs and 'crests' in relief on the shafts (typical of the Italianate).

The balustrade itself consists of a heavy molded railing and vase turned balusters. It appears a balcony surmounted the portico. Four large chimney stacks rise symmetrically at the corners of the building through the medium pitched hipped roof. Each stack incorporates a niche in the brickwork with corbelling and dentils above surmounted with a limestone capstone. The cornice/frieze features large scrolled brackets with groupings of smaller modillion brackets between, again organized symmetrically. The original louvered shutters still in place form to fit the segmental arch head. The original front door also remains. The sills are limestone incorporating stone corbels in the design. The other elevations are a much-simplified version of the façade with the opening placed more according to interior requirements (and the massive chimney stack location) than formal symmetry.

The brick kitchen 'tail' and carriage house behind were also completed by 1869, (however the evidence indicated is for the building footprint only) reflected in the continuity of design expressed in the segmentally arched openings, including the large carriage doors (now significantly altered), complex brick arches and the corbelled treatment of the extremely tall chimney stack. There is stained glass to a geometric design at the transom of the 'tail' door. The fenestration of these sections appears original and all small pane though the openings at the 'tail' are of varying sizes no doubt a reflection of its service function. Certainly, Day took advantage of this brickmaking operation in constructing his prominent home. Portions of the floors of the cellar have been paved with brick set in a herringbone pattern.

The front and west side yards are an important aspect of the property with their mix of mature deciduous (black walnut, birch) and coniferous plantings (though the c.1910 historic photo show that the plantings directly in front of and to the west of the house are of 20th century origin) helping to screen the property from the busy road and maintaining a sense of its rural origins. Despite the changes all around it, the building retains a high degree of integrity.

The property has historical value or associative value because it has direct associations with a theme, event, belief, person, activity, organization or institution that is significant to a community.

This property has historical associative value because of its association with persons important to the community, and in the case of Warren A. Marrison, internationally. This property was part of the original land grant (Lot 15, Concession 3, Kingston Township) to John Ferris (United Empire Loyalist). All 200 acres of Lot 15, Concession 3, Kingston Township was a Crown grant to John Ferris, who was formerly of New York and was active in the New York Militia during the Revolutionary War. He received patent in 1798 and by 1815 had erected a 1 Y, storey stone house on the property (demolished 1988) and a stone 'smithy' just east of the subject property. This blacksmith shop, located at the 'strategic' corner of the old trail which had become the York - Kingston Road (Highway 2) and the Concession Road (which was an early road north to the hinterland which became known as the Portland Road & Sydenham Road), no doubt contributed to the establishment of a hamlet (Sandville, later Waterloo, and finally Cataraqui) at that location.

From 1823 Daniel Ferris began selling off parcels of the lot and these parcels developed into the village. Beginning in 1843, Lewis Johnson Day began buying sections of the lot and, over the course of eight separate purchases transacted between then and 1869, established the holding indicated on the 1878 County Atlas Map. Day was both a farmer and a 'brickmaker,' establishing a brick yard on the property by mid century. The bricks were used in many local structures, including 'Pleasant View' itself. The scale and relatively sophisticated detailing of the home reflect Day's prosperity during this period.

On December 20, 1899 (reg. January 12, 1900) the Day family sold 25 acres of their property including the fine brick dwelling to Robert A. Marrison for \$5500.00. It is Marrison who gave the name "Pleasant View" to the property and developed his acreage as a market garden, orchard and apiary. A naturalist as well as an agriculturalist, he wrote and published "The Winter Birds' Paradise at Pleasant View" recording his observations of the birds wintering on the property. Two of his sons went on to notable careers and achievements. G.E. (Bert) Marrison was one of the major early photographers in Kingston. However, it is his brother Warren A. Marrison whose scientific work has been recognized as internationally significant. W.A. Marrison, who was a brilliant student while at Queen's University and Harvard University, worked for the Western Electric Company where he undertook the research leading to his c.1930 invention of a clock which used quartz crystals as the time-keeping element. In 1947, his pioneering work on the quartz crystal clock earned Marrison the gold medal from the British Horological Institute. Within decades, the quartz crystal watch had virtually replaced the mechanical timepiece worldwide.

After World War I, Pleasant View was purchased by John Riley (an old area family also associated with brickmaking) and its market garden operation expanded by his son Edward H. Riley. Edward and his wife used the house as tourist accommodation to supplement their income during the Depression. He supplied fruit and vegetables to many stores and customers while also maintaining a stall at the Kingston Market for many decades. His son Harold stayed in the business expanding the greenhouse side of the operation and the sale of shrubs and flowering plants. The family continued to live in the house and operate the greenhouse business until relatively recently

The property has contextual value because it is physically, functionally, visually or historically linked to its surroundings.

The property has contextual value because it is a landmark.

The property has contextual value as it is visually linked to its surroundings and serves as a local landmark. For over 140 years, Pleasant View has been a landmark at the 'brow' of the hill along the King's Highway. Sited on a knoll close to the junction of two main roads, it survives as a representative of the capacious farm/country houses of the area and is a property of high cultural value.

Heritage Attributes

Key exterior elements that contribute to the property's cultural heritage value include its:

- The overall 'T' plan including kitchen 'tail';
- The symmetrical south façade;
- The general form and existing roofline of each component;
- All original window and door openings - most typically the segmentally arched openings;
- The brickwork of all elements most notably the Flemish bond of the facade, the details (niche, dentils, etc.) of the massive chimney stacks at the main block, tall, slender stack at kitchen, corner pilasters at front wall and arches set in relief;
- Bracketed cornice/frieze combining scrolled consoles with smaller modillions;
- Heavily moulded six panel door at main entrance with semi-circularly arched sidelights and geometrically configured lights at transom;
- Portico including chamfered columns with Tuscan capitals, decorative relief treatment on shafts and bracketed cornice, heavy-turned balustrade;
- Deep setback from Princess Street with mature trees (both deciduous and coniferous) in front and west side yard.