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City Clerk's Office

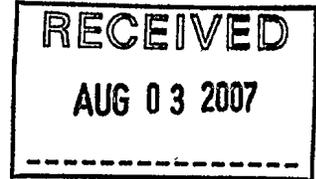
des

Secretariat
Christine Archibald
Toronto and East York Community Council
City Hall, 12th Floor, West
100 Queen Street West
Toronto, Ontario M5H 2N2

Ulli S. Watkins
City Clerk

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IN THE MATTER OF THE ONTARIO HERITAGE ACT
R.S.O. 1990 CHAPTER 0.18 AND
44 KING STREET WEST
CITY OF TORONTO, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO



NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DESIGNATE

Scotia Realty Limited
31 Adelaide Street East
Toronto, Ontario
M5C 2K3

Ontario Heritage Trust
10 Adelaide Street East
Toronto, Ontario
M5C 1J3

Take notice that Toronto City Council intends to designate the lands and buildings known municipally as 44 King Street West under Part IV of the Ontario Heritage Act.

Reasons for Designation

Description

The property at 44 King Street West is worthy of designation under Part IV of the *Ontario Heritage Act* for its cultural heritage value or interest, and meets the criteria for municipal designation prescribed by the Province of Ontario under the three categories of design, historical and contextual value. Located on the northeast corner of King Street West and Bay Street, the 24-storey office building was completed in 1951 after a long construction period and a planning phase that began twenty years earlier. The property was listed on the City of Toronto Inventory of Heritage Properties in 1975, and a Heritage Easement Agreement was registered in 1984.

Statement of Cultural Heritage Value

The Bank of Nova Scotia has design value as an excellent example of a skyscraper with features of Modern Classicism that is noted for its sculpted detailing inside and out. The original plans for the structure, dating to 1930, involved a series of setbacks above a podium, the organization of the shaft with piers, and an ambitious sculptural program, incorporating Canadian iconography and influenced by Art Deco motifs. When the project was revived at the close of World War II, the essential elements of the earlier design remained, but the Classical decoration and sculptural detailing were scaled back and simplified.

Historically, the building is associated with the practice of Toronto architect John M. Lyle, who prepared the original plans for the complex. After studies at Yale University and the Ecole-des-beaux-arts in Paris, and stints working for highly regarded New York City architectural firms, Lyle established his architectural firm in Toronto in 1906. He is responsible for many landmark buildings across Canada including, in Toronto, the Royal Alexandra Theatre, the Runnymede Library, and (in association with other architects) Union Station. Lyle entered a 1922 competition to design the Tribute Tower, a Chicago skyscraper. While he did not win, he applied the lessons he learned in designing 'tall buildings' in a commission his firm received for the head offices of the Bank of Nova Scotia in Halifax. Completed in 1929, the design incorporated elaborate sculptural motifs with Canadian symbolism, which he reworked for the Bank of Nova Scotia's Toronto offices. The latter project was delayed by the Great Depression of the 1930s, followed by World War II when Lyle retired from practice. The building was completed by the Toronto architectural partnership of Mathers and Haldenby, working in association with John J. Beck and Arthur H. Eadie, former members of Lyle's firm.

The Bank of Nova Scotia Building is noted for its craftsmanship, particularly for its sculptural program. The exterior bas-relief panels of mythological figures on the west elevation facing Bay Street were designed by German artist Frederick Winkler. In Toronto, another example of Winkler's work is found on Postal Station K (1936) at 2388 Yonge Street. English artisan Jacobine Jones devised the marble bas relief in the banking hall that illustrates workers engaged in the different industries associated with the Bank of Nova Scotia, including fishing, logging, farming and mining.

Now anchoring the southwest corner of Scotia Plaza, the Bank of Nova Scotia is a landmark in Toronto's Financial District. It is one of a number of tall buildings from the pre- and post-World War II era that are recognized heritage structures, among them the former Canadian Bank of Commerce Building (completed in 1931 and now known as Commerce Court North) on King Street West, opposite.

Heritage Attributes

The heritage attributes of the Bank of Nova Scotia Building related to its design value as an excellent example of a skyscraper with features of Modern Classicism are found on the exterior walls (south and west), the flat roofline, and the interior as described below, consisting of:

Exterior

- The 24-storey ell-shaped plan, with a six-storey base supporting a tower that rises in a series of setbacks to the flat roof parapet
- Above a granite base, the limestone cladding with limestone, granite, and marble detailing
- The organization of the principal (south) façade, where the base features a trio of monumental three-storey flat-headed window openings with decorative metalwork surrounds

- In the first floor of the south façade, the entrances placed at the base of the outer monumental window openings with metal surrounds, doors, decorative grilles, and a name band reading "THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA"
- The carved nameplate on the base of the south façade marked "THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA"
- The smaller flat-headed window openings in the outer ends of the south façade and on the west elevation
- Above the base, the fenestration on the south façade and the west and north elevations where cut stone piers organize the flat-headed window openings with metal detailing and the spandrels
- On the west elevation facing Bay Street, the base with the sculpted bas-relief panels, the carved reliefs with Ionic capitals, the marble spandrels, the metal railings, and the incised lettering
- On the upper part of the west elevation, the carved rosettes marking three of the setback levels in the upper stories, and the cut stone louvered vents at the top service level

Interior

- In the interior on the main floor, the south entrance lobby, the elevator lobby, and the banking hall, with the marble flooring and walls, and the decorated ceilings
- Inside the main (south) entrance, the entrance lobby with the sculpted wall panels, the decorative metal doors and wall grilles, the marble lighting sconce, the display cases and, in the south window recess, the marble planter and bench
- In the entrance lobby, the sculpted detailing with a bank crest, medallions and inscriptions on the north wall, and figurative wall sculptures on the east and west walls
- North of the entrance lobby, the elevator lobby, with the louvered ceiling lighting, the elevator entrances, the doors to the banking hall, and the building directory set in a metal surround with a crested mail drop
- The banking hall, along the west side of the first floor, with the marble columns and counters, the coffered decorated ceiling, the bas-relief marble mural on the north wall, and the glazed screen with polished bronze decoration along the east side
- The south stairway leading from the banking hall to the lower safety deposit vault with its metal railing and inset etched glass panels

Notice of an objection to the proposed designation may be served on the City Clerk, Attention: Christine Archibald, Administrator, Toronto and East York Community Council, Toronto City Hall, 100 Queen Street West, 12th Floor, Toronto, Ontario, M5H 2N2, within thirty days of the 7th of August, 2007, **which is September 7th, 2007**. The notice must set out the reason(s) for the objection, and all relevant facts.

Dated at Toronto this 7th day of August, 2007.

Ulli S. Watkiss
City Clerk